## edexcel "

# Mark Scheme (Results) 

Summer 2015

Pearson Edexcel International<br>Advanced Level<br>in Biology (WBI04) Paper 01 - The<br>Natural Environment and Species<br>Survival

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- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

| Question Number | Answer |  | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) | 1. carbon dioxide / $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ / methane / $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$; <br> 2. GP /GALP / glucose / hexose ; | 1 DO NOT ACCEPT carbon monoxide / CO IGNORE water <br> 2 ACCEPT glycerate (3) phosphate / PGA / glyceraldehyde (3) phosphate / triose phosphate / TP / $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ IGNORE carbohydrates / monosaccharides / sugars | (2) |



| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\mathbf{1 ( c ) ( i )}$ | B cellulose and starch | (1) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(c)(ii) | 1. decomposition / idea of breakdown of \{ polysaccharides / cellulose / starch / organic matter / biomass / eq \}; <br> 2. by \{ microorganisms / bacteria / fungi / eq \} ; <br> 3. by \{ hydrolysis / breaking \} of glycosidic \{ bonds / eq \} ; <br> 4. by \{enzymes / carbohydrases / named carbohydrase\} ; <br> 5. \{ monosaccharides / glucose / simple sugars \} \{respired / oxidised\} releasing carbon dioxide / eq (plants / animals / bacteria / fungi) ; <br> 6. idea that plants are burnt to release carbon dioxide ; | NB MPs can be accepted in the context of animals that have eaten the plants 1 ACCEPT decay / rot <br> 2 ACCEPT saprophytes / saprotrophs / detritivores <br> NB If mp 1 and 2 not awarded accept decomposers $=1$ mark <br> 5 ACCEPT anaerobic respiration of glucose releasing methane DO NOT ACCEPT carbon <br> 6 DO NOT ACCEPT carbon | (4) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a) | 1. genetic material / nucleic acid / DNA or RNA ; <br> 2. single-stranded or double-stranded (nucleic acid) ; <br> 3. capsid / protein coat ; <br> 4. idea that an \{envelope / eq\} may be present ; <br> 5. idea of \{spikes / attachment molecules / glycoproteins / eq\} ; <br> 6. some viruses contain \{enzymes / reverse transcriptase / integrase\} ; | 1 DO NOT ACCEPT DNA or RNA on their own <br> 3 ACCEPT capsomere DO NOT ACCEPT capsule unless correctly qualified 4 DO NOT ACCEPT capsule unless correctly qualified <br> 5 ACCEPT receptor DO NOT ACCEPT gp120 | (3) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2(b)(i) |  | NB do not award these MPs if there is any <br> indication of latency, lysogeny, HIV, DNA <br> incorporation into host DNA, integrase, <br> reverse transcriptase, gp 120 |  |
|  | 1. idea of synthesis of (viral) \{components / <br> nucleic acid / DNA / RNA / proteins / <br> enzymes\} ; <br> 2. idea of assembly of virus; | NB If neither mp 1 nor 2 has been awarded, <br> allow \{replication of virus / new virus particles <br> made \} 1 mark |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2(b)(ii) | 1. idea that host cell destroyed ; | 1 ACCEPT host cell bursts |  |
|  | 2. (lots of) virus particles are \{released / eq\} (at same time) <br> $;$ |  |  |
|  | 3. idea that more cells can be infected ; |  | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2(c) | 1. idea that interferons inhibit viral replication; <br> 2. idea that interferon prevents \{ attachment / eq \} of <br> virus to (other host) cells ; <br> 3. so that other cells cannot be infected (when they burst <br> out of infected cell) ; | 3 ACCEPT prevents entry of <br> \{virus/genetic material / eq\} | (2) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(d) | 1. \{humoral / B cell / primary / eq \} response / development of specific immunity / eq ; <br> 2. idea that antigen has to attach to $B$ cells ; <br> 3. idea that $T$ (helper) cells are needed in activation of $B$ cells; <br> 4. idea that $T$ (helper) cells have to \{be activated / have macrophages present antigen to them / eq \} (before they can activate $B$ cells) ; <br> 5. idea that \{cloning / mitosis / division \} of $B$ cells has to take place ; <br> 6. B cells \{differentiate / specialise\} into plasma cells; <br> 7. idea of antibody \{production / secretion / eq\} by plasma cells ; | NB max 3 marks if only a description is given without some indication that time is needed hence the delay <br> 1 DO NOT ACCEPT cell mediated immunity <br> 2 ACCEPT idea that B cells present antigen (to themselves) | (4) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 3(a)(i) | Archaea / Archaeobacter / Eukaryota / Eukarya; | ALLOW phonetic spelling eg <br> archae, eucarya <br> DO NOT ALLOW eukaryote / <br> archaeobacteria/ eubacteria / <br> eubacter |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 3(a)(ii) | C molecular phylogeny | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 3(a)(iii) | D small (70S) ribosomes, loop of DNA | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(a)(iv) | 1. idea that there will be less light for photosynthesis ; <br> 2. idea that fewer plants would mean \{ less food for / <br> starvation of / death of / eq \} \{ animals / named animal <br> ; | 2 ACCEPT idea that if less <br> herbivores their predators will <br> starve |  |
| 3. idea that bacteria involved in decomposition would <br> reduce the oxygen levels; <br> 4. idea that there will be less oxygen (in water) for respiration <br> for \{ animals / named animal \}; |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(b) | 1. fewer roach because they have been removed; <br> 2. fewer roach because more being eaten by the fish that were introduced ; <br> 3. fewer zooplankton will be eaten (by the roach); <br> 4. so zooplankton will \{ increase in number / reproduce \} ; <br> 5. fewer cyanobacteria as more being eaten (by the zooplankton) ; | 2 NB fewer roach because more \{ fish / eq \} is too vague <br> 3 NB fewer zooplankton because fewer roach is too vague 4 NB more zooplankton is too vague <br> 5 NB fewer cyanobacteria because more zooplankton is too vague | (4) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 4(a)(i) | A one deoxyribose sugar and one phosphate <br> group | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 4(a)(ii) | D phosphodiester | (1) |



| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(b)(i) | 1. one correct calculation $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{eg}(1.5 \div 1.4) & =\{1.07 / 1.1\} \times \text { bigger } \\ (1.5 \div 1.7) & =\{0.88 / 0.9\} \times \text { bigger } \\ (1.8 \div 1.4) & =\{1.29 / 1.3\} \times \text { bigger } \\ (1.8 \div 1.7) & =\{1.06 / 1.1\} \times \text { bigger } \end{aligned}$ | 1 ACCEPT (average heights) 1.65 and 1.55 (m) |  |
|  | 2. between \{ 1.06 and $1.29 / 1.1$ and 1.3 \} x bigger ; | 2 ACCEPT $1.06 \times$ bigger if alternative mp 1 awarded or no working is shown CE applies | (2) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(b) (ii) | 1. reference to natural selection ; <br> 2. idea of mutation in \{gene / DNA\} coding for \{lip shape / eq\} ; <br> 3. idea of mutation in \{gene / DNA\} coding for height ; <br> 4. idea that change in lip shape resulted in better adaptation for feeding ; <br> 5. idea that greater height of white rhinoceros protected it in the open ; <br> 6. alleles ( height / lip shape ) passed onto offspring ; <br> 7. idea of a change in allele frequency (in gene pool) ; <br> 8. idea that the different food sources resulted in (different) selection pressures ; <br> 9. credit appropriate reference to reproductive isolation ; | 5 ACCEPT smaller black rhino is able to move amongst shrubs 6 DO NOT ACCEPT genes <br> 9 ACCEPT correct examples of mechanisms e.g. different mating times, incompatible genitals |  |
|  |  |  | (4) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(b)(iii) | 1. idea that they are eating different food / no competition <br> for food ; <br> 2. idea that they occupy different niches; | 1 ACCEPT less competition for <br> food |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(a)(i) | 1. reference to \{bacteria / virus / pathogen / microorganism \} ; <br> 2. idea of being inside \{tissues / cells / named tissue / named cell \} <br> OR <br> idea of evading \{barriers / named barrier eg skin \}; | 1 IGNORE disease / infection / foreign matter 2 IGNORE body <br> IGNORE \{infects / attaches / harms / attacks $\}$ cells | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 5(a)(ii) | 1. (gut flora) \{prevent growth of / kill\} \{bacteria / pathogen / <br> microorganism / eq\}; | 1 ACCEPT prevent colonisation <br> IGNORE antigens / viruses / |  |
|  | 2. competition for \{space / nutrients / named nutrient / <br> attachment sites (to gut wall) \}; <br> 3. release of \{chemicals / anti-microbials / toxins / lipids / diseases <br> enzymes / substances / lactic acid \} (by gut flora) / eq; ; | 2 IGNORE food / resources <br> HCl |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( b ) ( i )}$ | 1.\{substance / chemical / molecule\} produced by <br> \{microorganisms / fungi / bacteria\} / eq ; <br> 2.that \{kills / inhibits the growth of\} (other) <br> \{microorganisms / bacteria / pathogens / eq\} ; | 1 ACCEPT artificially produced <br> IGNORE drug |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *5(b)(ii) | QWC - Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence <br> 1. credit a correct description of the immediate effect of taking antibiotics; <br> 2. $G$ is resistant to the antibiotics ; <br> 3. all types, except G, are \{susceptible / sensitive\} to the antibiotics ; <br> 4. G is the only type of bacteria (from 7 days) until 9 months ; <br> 5. increase to 4 different types of bacteria at 12 months / eq ; <br> 6. one new type of bacteria (J) at 12 months / eq ; <br> 7. idea that the bacteria are in the diet ; <br> 8. same (4) types of bacteria at 18 months ; <br> 9. idea that G has the highest percentage at 18 months (compared to H, I and J) ; <br> 10. because G can outcompete the others for \{space / nutrients / eq\} | emphasis on clarity of expression <br> 1 ie they have compared the day 0 column to the day 7 column <br> 2 DO NOT ACCEPT immune <br> 4 ACCEPT in the first 9 months <br> 5 ACCEPT 3 more types / H, I and J appeared 5 DO NOT ACCEPT reappear if includes J | (6) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\mathbf{6 ( a ) ( i )}$ | D succession | (1) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(a)(ii) | 1. reference to succession ; <br> 2. idea of (large) decrease in number of plants because they are \{ being burnt / covered by ash / eq \}; <br> 3. idea of soil improved ; <br> 4. idea of \{pioneer species / lichens / mosses / eq\} growing first ; <br> 5. then \{low-growing plants / ferns / small bushes / grass\} ; <br> 6. therefore increasing the number of \{plants / (plant) species \} ; <br> 7. idea that the seeds of pre-existing plants \{persisted / germinated / blown in / brought in by animals / eq \} ; | 1 I GNORE primary / secondary 2 ACCEPT mud / lava / strong winds <br> 5 ACCEPT small plants DO NOT ACCEPT trees / large plants | (4) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(a)(iii) | 1. idea that there will be \{taller plants / bushes / trees / eq\} ; <br> 2. as the soil has become deeper ; <br> 3. idea that taller plants outcompete the lower-growing plants / eq ; <br> 4. reference to (co)dominant species (in the climax community); <br> 5. idea there will be a similar number of species as before the eruption ; <br> 6. credit a correct comment about the changes in animal species ; |  | (3) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6 ( b )}$ | C line Y is GPP, line Z is NPP, Q is R |  | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7(a) | 1. membrane is fluid; | 1 ACCEPT phospholipids can <br> move within membrane / is <br> fluid mosaic <br> IGNORE fluid mosaic model |  |
|  | 2. (fluidity allows) membrane \{can change shape / is <br> flexible / be pushed out / eq \}; <br> 3. (fluidity allows) membrane to \{fuse / pinch off / eq\} ; <br> 4. idea that proteins (in the membrane) play a role in cell <br> transport ; | 2 IGNORE elastic / stretch / |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(b) | 1. DNA is \{synthesised / eq\} (in S phase) ; <br> 2. idea that \{mitosis / nuclear division\} is needed to produce new nucleus (for the bud) ; <br> 3. idea that \{DNA synthesis / mitosis / eq\} means that the bud will have the same \{ genes / DNA / chromosomes / genetic material \} / eq ; <br> 4. \{cell division / cytokinesis\} causes the bud to \{form / separate / eq \} ; <br> 5. idea that cytoplasm has to increase ; <br> 6. idea that there needs to be synthesis of \{more organelles / named organelle / cell wall\} (in interphase / G1); | 2 ACCEPT to produce two nuclei <br> 3 ACCEPT the buds / daughter cells will be genetically identical <br> 4 I GNORE budding | (4) |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *7(c) | (QWC - Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence) <br> 1. idea of (using a microscope to) count the number of yeast at start of investigation ; <br> 2. idea of using a \{ range of / minimum of 5 \} temperatures ; <br> 3. in \{water baths / incubators /eq \} ; <br> 4. idea that yeast are left for period of time (for budding to occur) / eq ; <br> 5. idea of counting the number of \{yeast / buds\} at the end ; <br> 6. idea of \{repeats / replicates\} to calculate a mean (number of yeast cells / rate) / eq ; <br> 7. calculation of rate (of asexual reproduction) described ; <br> 8. credit appropriate named control variable ; | emphasis on logical sequence <br> 1 ACCEPT measuring turbidity <br> 2 ACCEPT 5 quoted temperatures from $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> IGNORE room temp if 6 or more values given <br> 4 ACCEPT any value above 5 minutes if stated <br> 5 ACCEPT measuring turbidity <br> 6 ACCEPT for reliability in correct context <br> 8 IGNORE stated time | (5) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( a ) ( i )}$ | $1.800+600 / 1400 ;$ |  |  |
|  | $2 .(800 \times 100 \div 1400)=57 / 57.1 / 57.14 ;$ | 2 CE applies if only one mistake <br> made in mp 1 <br> NB correct answer gains both <br> marks | (2) |


| Question Number | Answer |  |  |  | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(a)(ii) | 1. idea that greater \{ percentage / proportion \} had HIV in 2008 ; <br> 2. by correct calculated value (2010-2008) ; |  |  |  | 1 CE applies from (a)(i) <br> ACCEPT converse <br> 2 CE applies from (a)(i) |  |
|  | \% calculated for \% calculated for 2008 (in part ai) |  |  |  | values |  |
|  | 2010 | 57.00 | 57.10 | 57.14 |  |  |
|  | 23.80 | 33.20 | 33.30 | 33.34 |  |  |
|  | 23.81 | 33.19 | 33.29 | 33.33 |  |  |
|  | 24.00 | 33.00 | 33.10 | 33.14 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | (2) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8(a)(iii) | 1. patients do not want to admit to having HIV / eq ; |  |  |
|  | 2. idea that patients do not know that they are infected / eq ; |  | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional Guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b )}$ | 1. idea that appropriate \{antibiotics / named example\} <br> should be given to patients ; | 1 ACCEPT not giving antibiotics if <br> not necessary / not using <br> antibiotics for prophylactic <br> treatment / using narrow <br> spectrum antibiotics / rotate <br> antibiotic use |  |
| 2. idea of \{educating patients about taking antibiotics / <br> taking the full course of antibiotics ; <br> 3. credit another appropriate procedure e.g. hand washing, <br> screening; |  | (2) |  |

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